Creating the Fibonacci Spiral

You will need a large piece of draft paper, a ruler, and a compass to create the Fibonacci spiral. Follow the directions below and watch the spiral emerge.

1. Draw a small square that is 1 inch on each side. Draw a second square of the same size directly to the left of the first square so that the sides of the two squares are touching.

2. Draw a 2-inch square just above the two 1-inch squares.

3. Draw a 3-inch square to the right of the three smaller squares so that it borders the two 1-inch squares and the 2-inch square. All the squares should be connected.

4. Draw a 5-inch square that borders the 1-, 2-, and 3-inch squares (below the smaller squares). Each successive square will have an edge whose length is the sum of those of the two squares immediately preceding it.

5. Draw an 8-inch square to the left of the previous five squares.

6. Draw a 13-inch square above the previous six squares.

7. You will need your compass to complete your drawing. Within each square of your drawing, you are going to draw an arc, or a quarter circle, from one corner to the opposite corner. (You will be drawing an arc of a circle with a radius equal to the length of one side of that square.) Each arc will be connected to the next.

To begin, place your pencil in the upper-right-hand corner of the FIRST 1-inch square you drew and draw an arc downward to its lower-left-hand corner. Next, draw an arc from that same point on the SECOND 1-inch square (the lower-right-hand corner) to the upper-left-hand corner of the second square. Continue drawing arcs in each square you created, starting each arc at the point where the last one ended.

8. What shape did you get? What forms in nature reflect this shape?
Steps

1 Print out triangular grid paper. You can make your own in a graphics program, print out the image next to this step (click to enlarge), or print it out from here.

Steps
- out the image next to this step (click to enlarge), or print it out from here.

2 Draw an equilateral triangle. The sides should each have a number of triangles that is a multiple of four. This example will start with a large triangle that is 16 triangles to a
Steps

3. Divide this triangle into four smaller triangles. Leave the one in the middle blank.

4. Divide all the coloured triangles into four smaller triangles just as you did the first one. Again, leave the middle triangle of each set blank.
5 Divide the next smaller coloured triangles into fours, leaving the center of each blank.

Steps

6 Divide the next smaller triangles. Colour them as mentioned in the previous steps.
7 Keep dividing triangles as many times as you wish.

8 Finished.